

MAX PLANCK UCL CENTRE

COMP² PSYCH

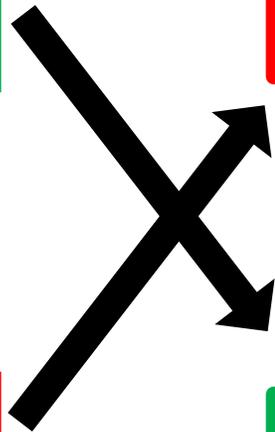
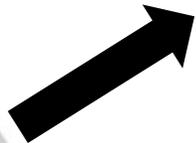
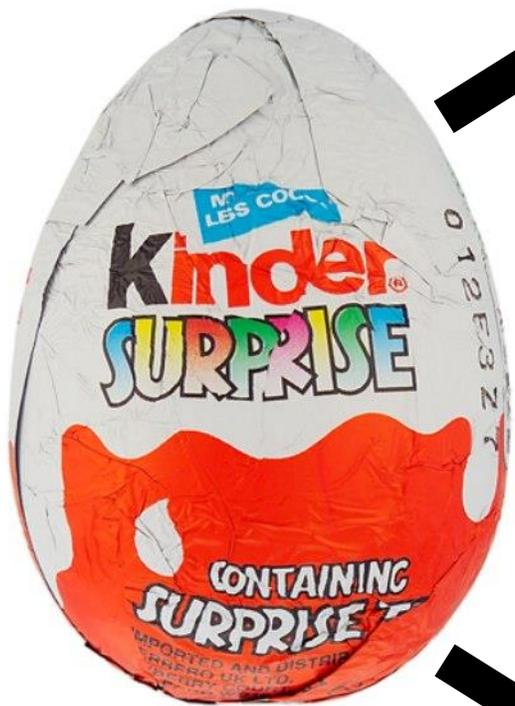
International Max Planck Research School

Symposium and Advanced Course on Computational Psychiatry and Ageing Research

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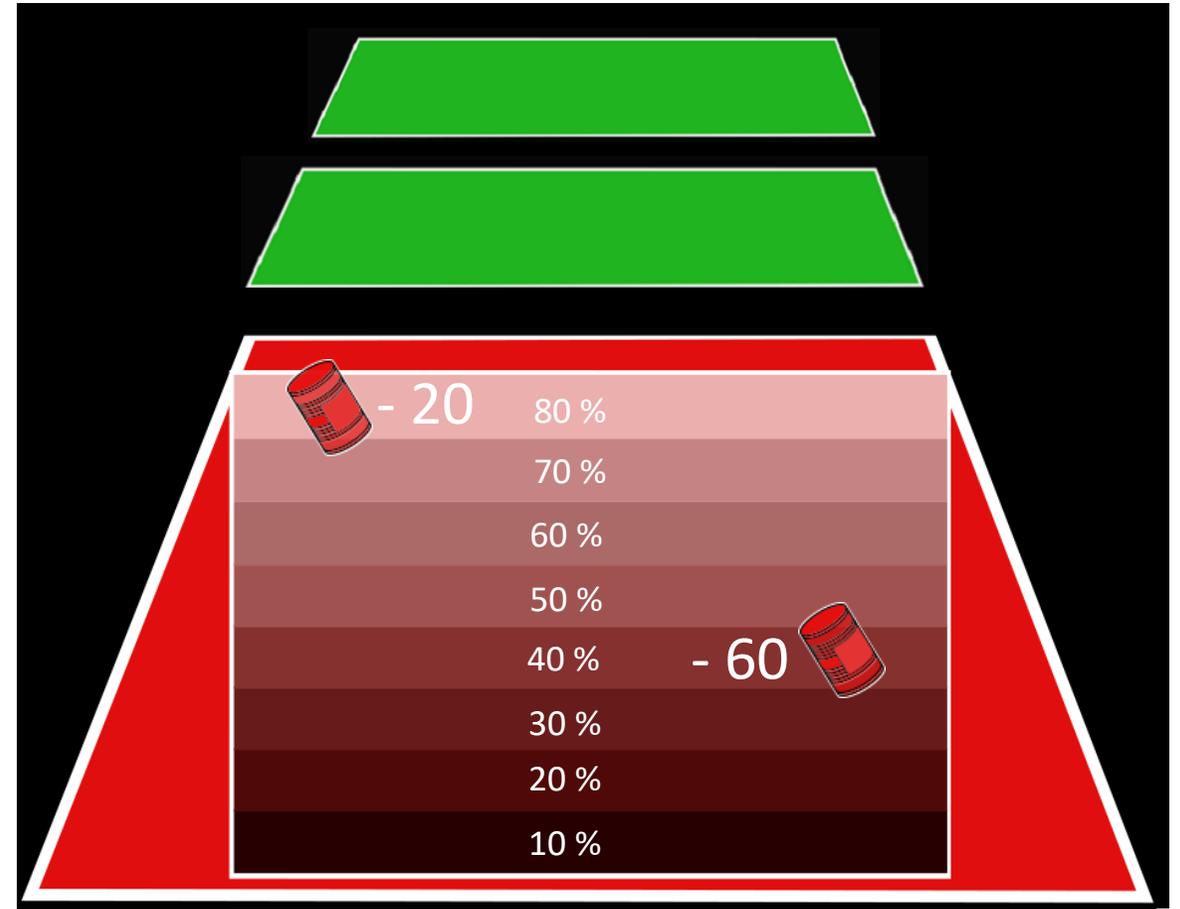
A Computational Model of Mood and Future Prospects

Rachel Bedder



How does knowledge of your future prospects **affect mood**?

How does knowledge of your future prospects affect mood in **different contexts**?



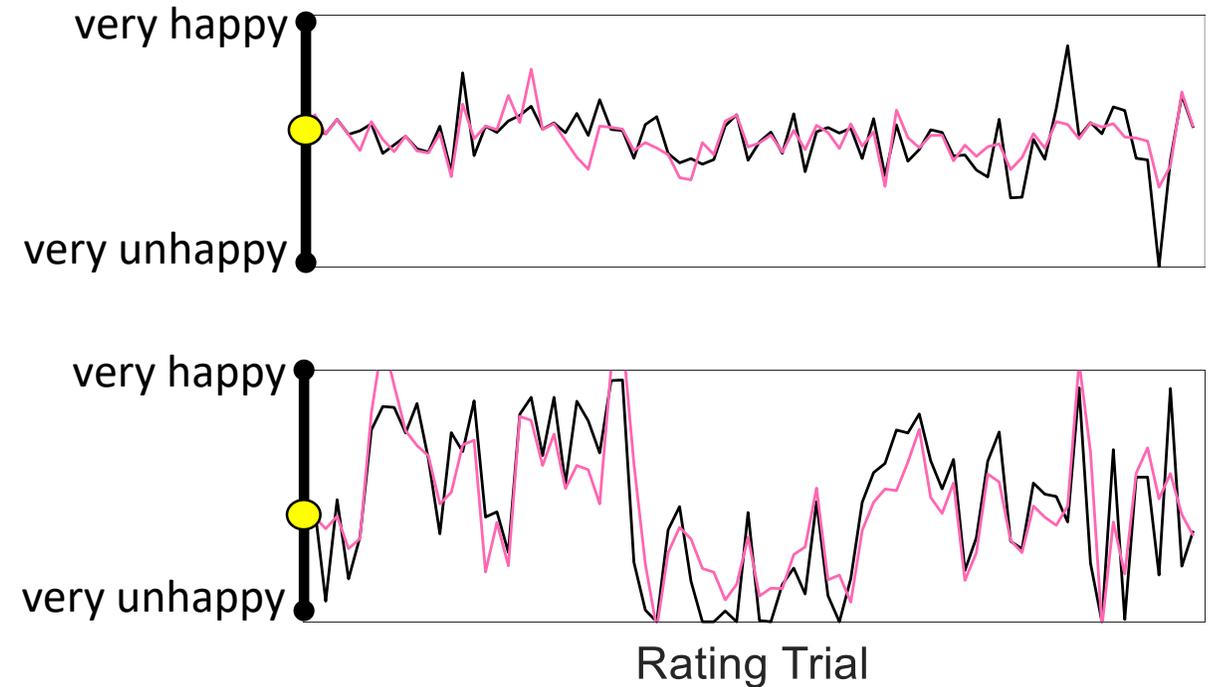
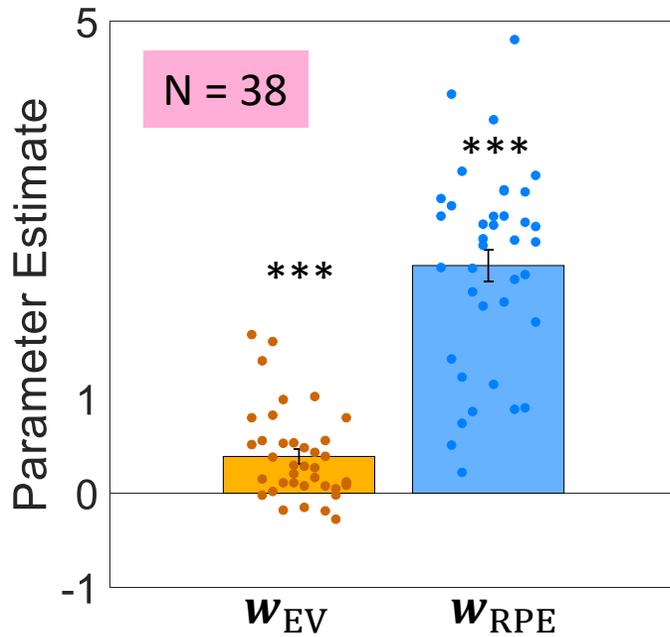
How happy are you at this moment?



Replication of Happiness Model with a new task structure (N = 38)

$$Happiness_t = w_{EV} \sum_{j=1}^t \gamma^{t-j} EV_j + w_{RPE} \sum_{j=1}^t \gamma^{t-j} RPE_j$$

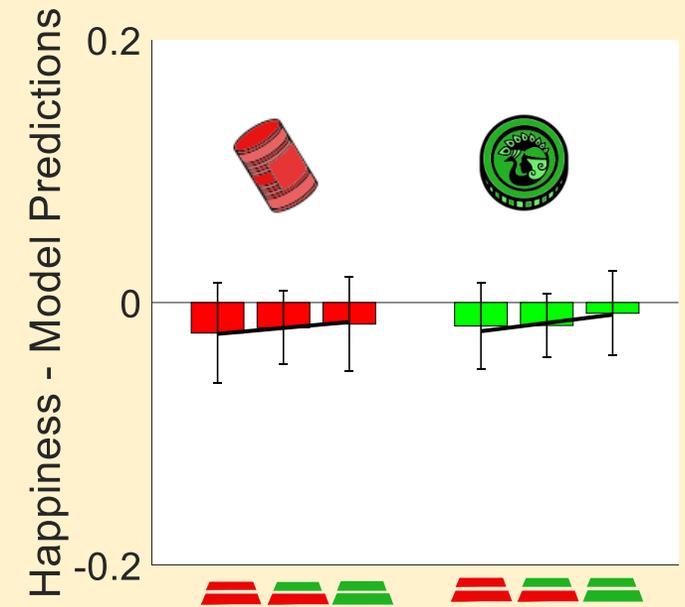
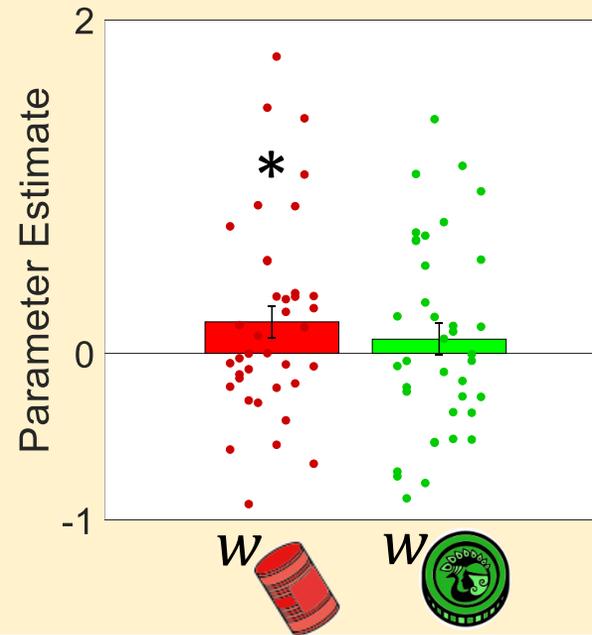
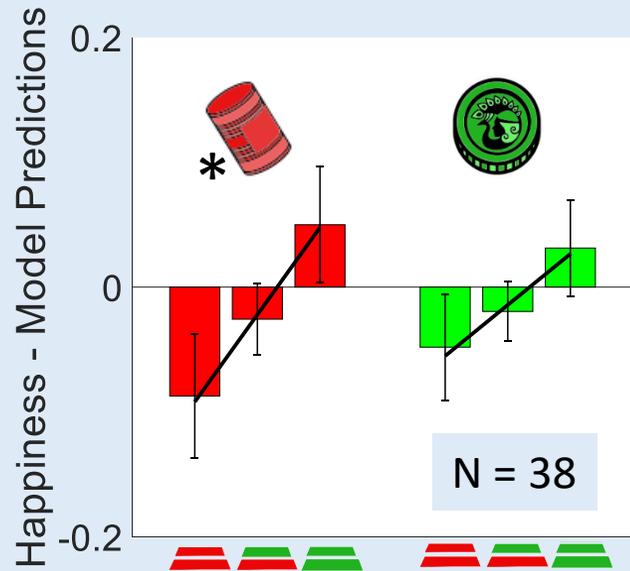
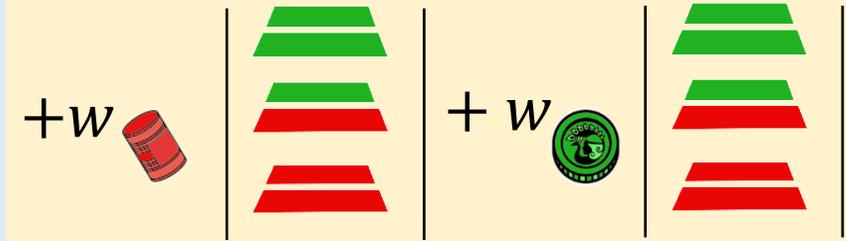
Expected Value
Reward Prediction Error
(Outcome – Expected Value)



*** p < .001, **p < .01, *p < .05

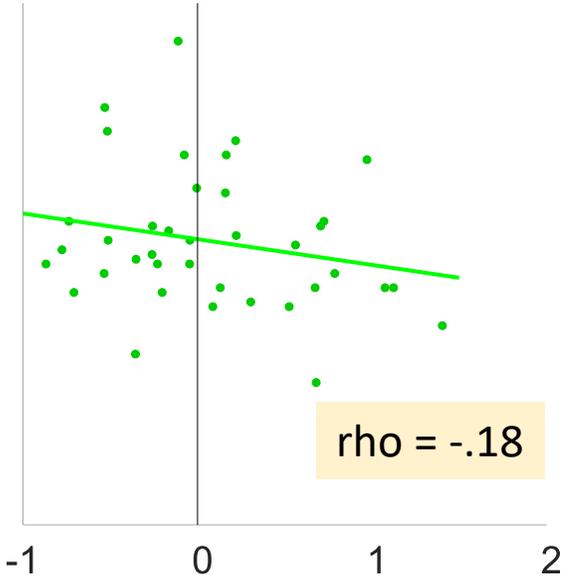
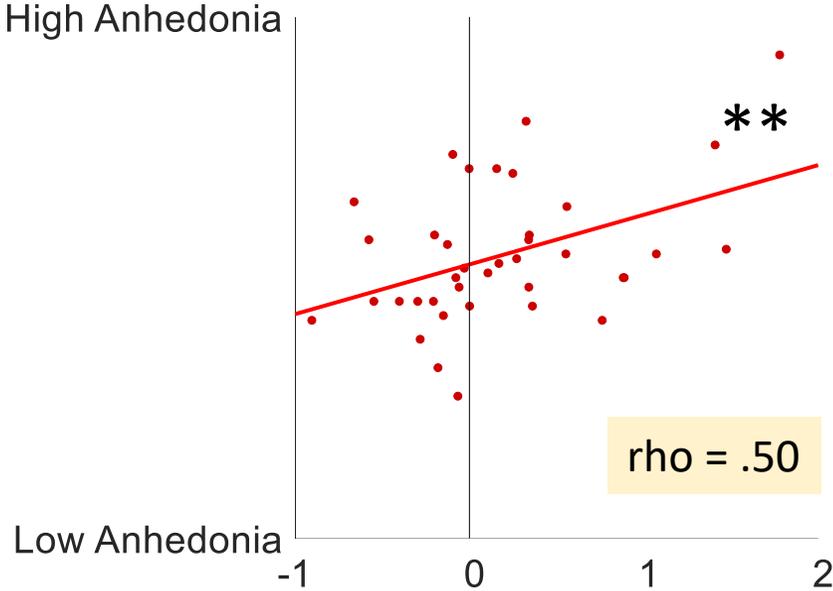
Parameterising influence of Future Prospects on Mood

$$Happiness_t = w_{EV} \sum_{j=1}^t \gamma^{t-j} EV_j + w_{RPE} \sum_{j=1}^t \gamma^{t-j} RPE_j$$



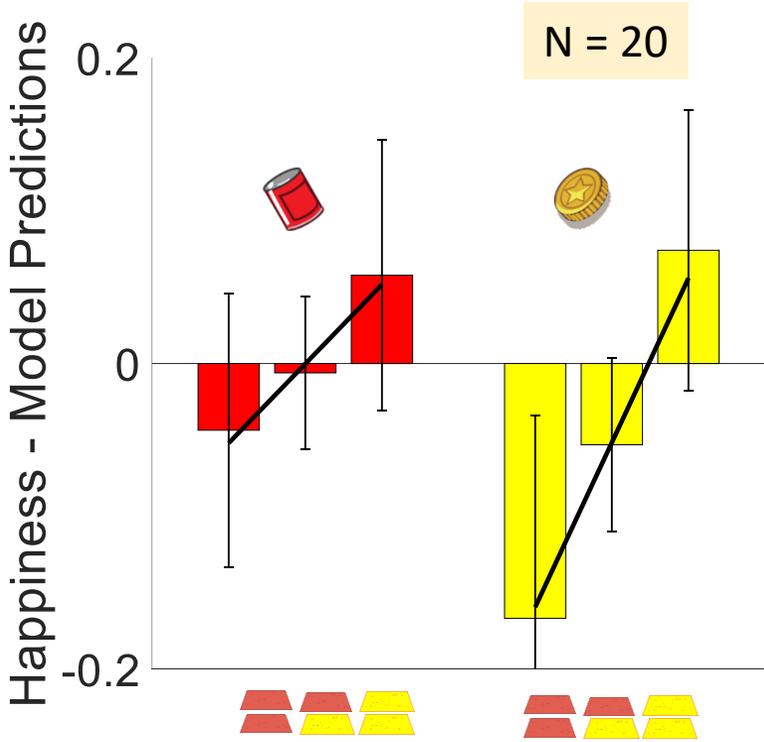
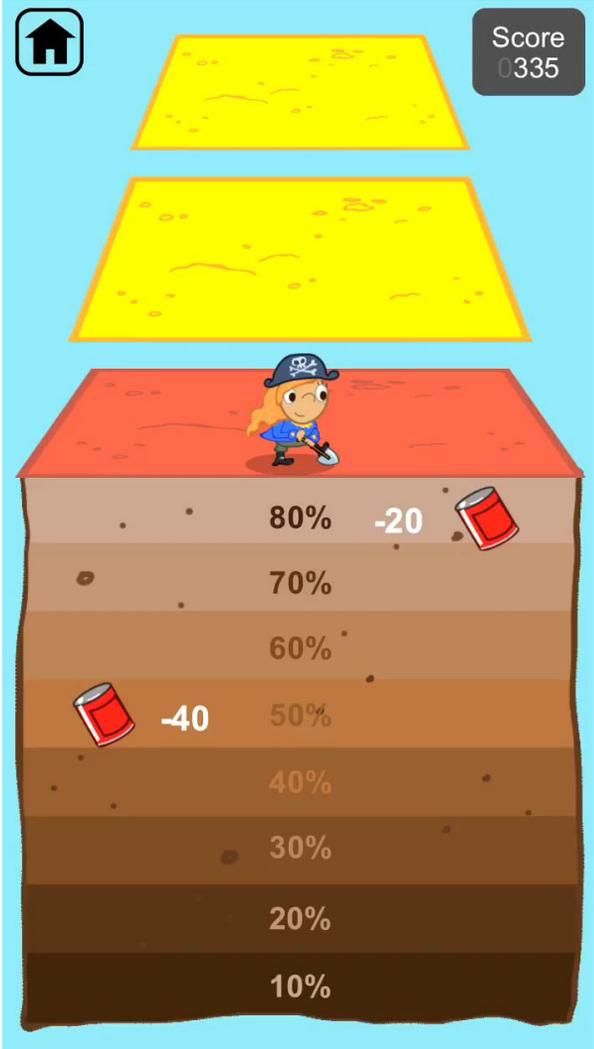
*** p < .001, **p < .01, *p < .05

Increased Anhedonia associated with Future Bias when performing Loss Trials



*** p < .001, **p < .01, *p < .05

Future Prospects Task Gamified for Smartphone Platform



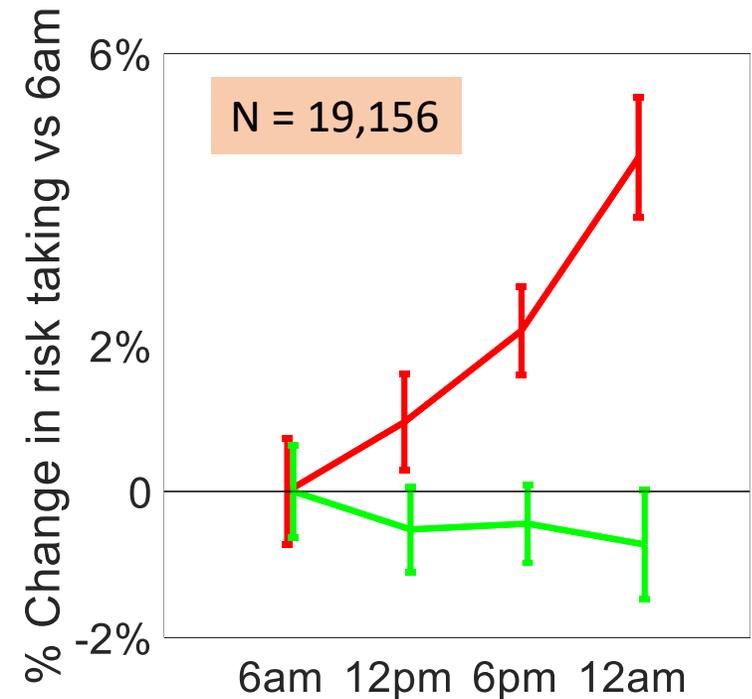
*** $p < .001$, ** $p < .01$, * $p < .05$

Future Prospects modulates mood different depending on valence of the current context.

Next Steps:

How are risky decisions about gains and losses affected by future prospects?

How are risky decisions about gains and losses affected by time of day?



Thank you!

